Wintering down!

1 Check varroa mite treatment. (Strips-7 weeks, 49 days, - 2 brood cycles- Worker 42-Drone 48 days)

a Check 24hr. natural mite fall (mesh base) Alternative treatment: Summer-Formic acid b Sugar shake Winter -Oxalic acid

2 Check Brood

a Eggs? – Queen lying!

b Open capping's, check larvae for AFB (If positive Report within 7 days)

Brian Taylor Asure Quality Website: www.afb.org.nz

c Fork-out and remove drone brood

3 Reorganise frames (carefully)

a Brood cluster in the middle

b Pollen

c Honey on the outside

4 Check winter food

a For a 2 super hive – 1 top super honey.

b No surplus honey? – **Feed!!** Top feeder syrup- 2kg sugar + 1L water, (3 litre syrup)

c Weak hive – Unite with strong hive. Newspaper in between, strong hive on top!

5 Hive care

a Reduce entrance, reduce robbing ------ Strong hive: about 100mm – Weak hive: 10-15mm

b Roof cover insulation ------ Polystyrene foam 10mm (minimal)

1 Metal roof cover (commercial) ----- Need insulation!

2 Timber/metal roof cover ------ Preferred, + Insulation.

c Hive position

1 Full sun, year round, sheltered. ----- Move hive: 1m/day ok.

2 Place hive off the ground ------ Pallet / bricks or concrete blocks

3 Tilt slightly forwards. ----- Water run-off.

4 Ventilation ------ Use open mesh floor, don't leave check board in!

<u>6 Spare honey super storage</u>—(Wax moth safe)

a Clean your "Wet" honey frames, (Clean supers on the hive, use robbing board)

b Reject old, black or broken frames

c Chimney stack clean, dry supers in between queen excluders

(Chimney stack as high as possible to create internal "draft" and include some "hungry spiders")

(Place the stack outside in a cool and windy spot, rain cover the top.

d Propolus mats and scrapings Manuka health Te Awamutu

Arataki honey Rotorua